

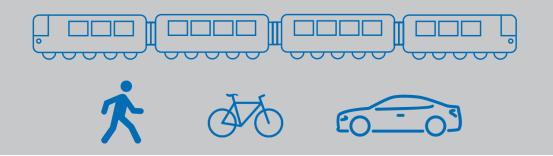
Cities and Regions for Transport Innovation



Karen Vancluysen, Polis Secretary General

European network

78 members from small towns to big regions





Peer-to-peer exchange

Policy

Research

Innovation

78 Cities & regions







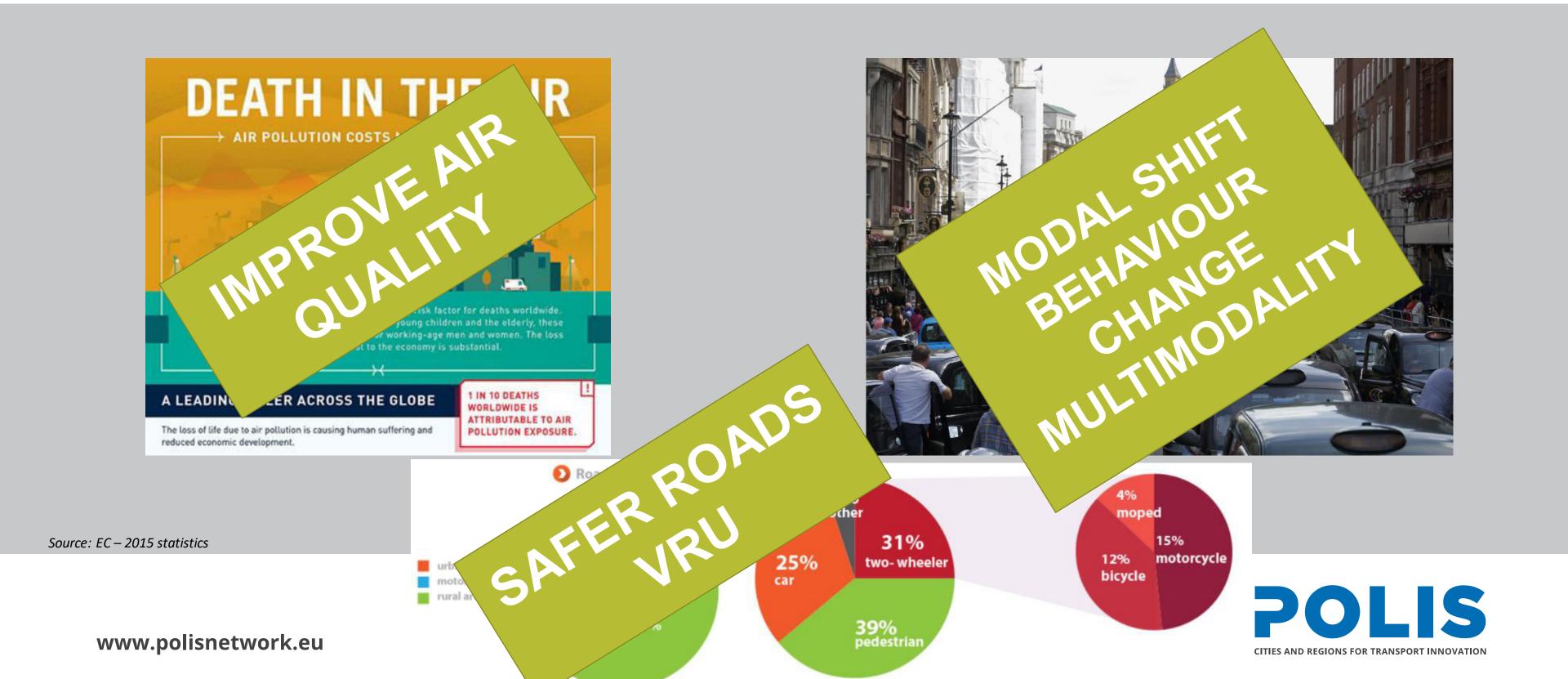




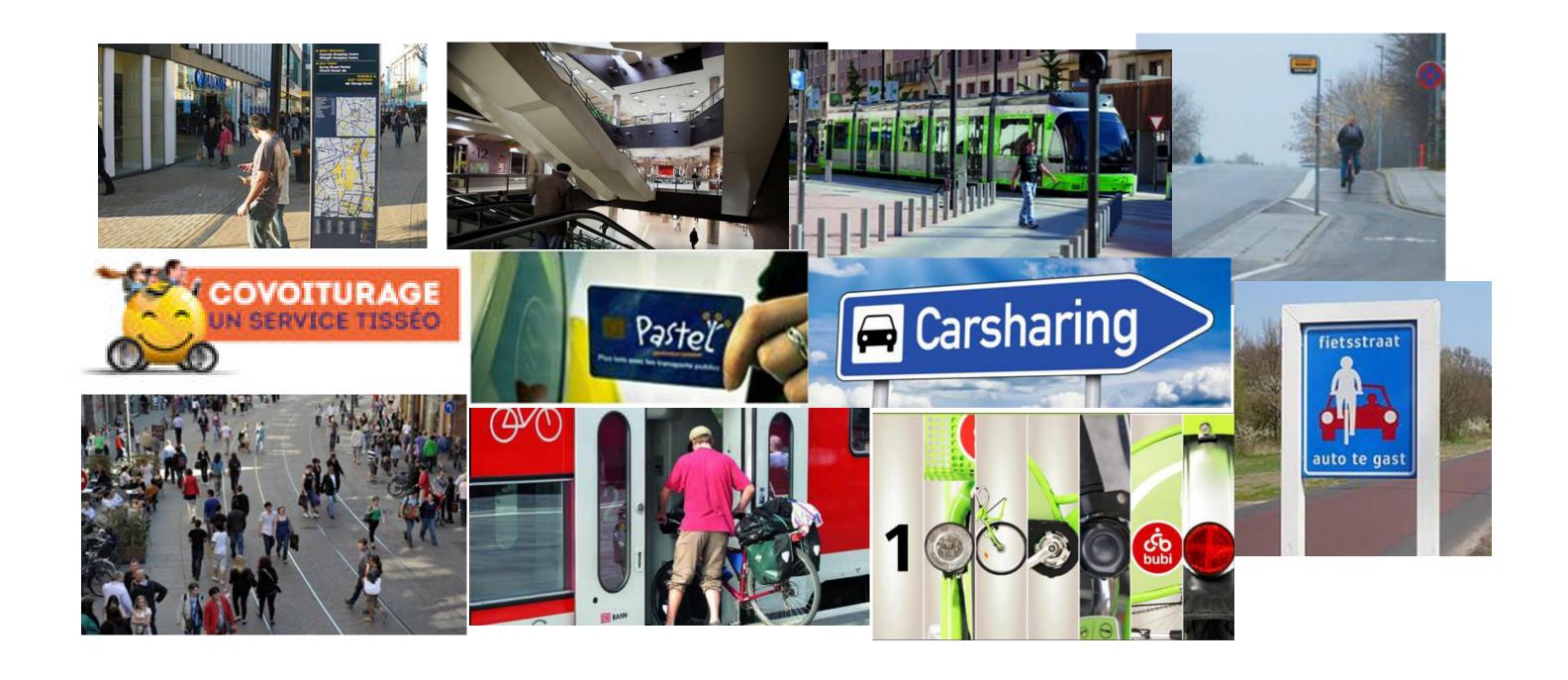




Urban mobility: Main policy challenges & goals

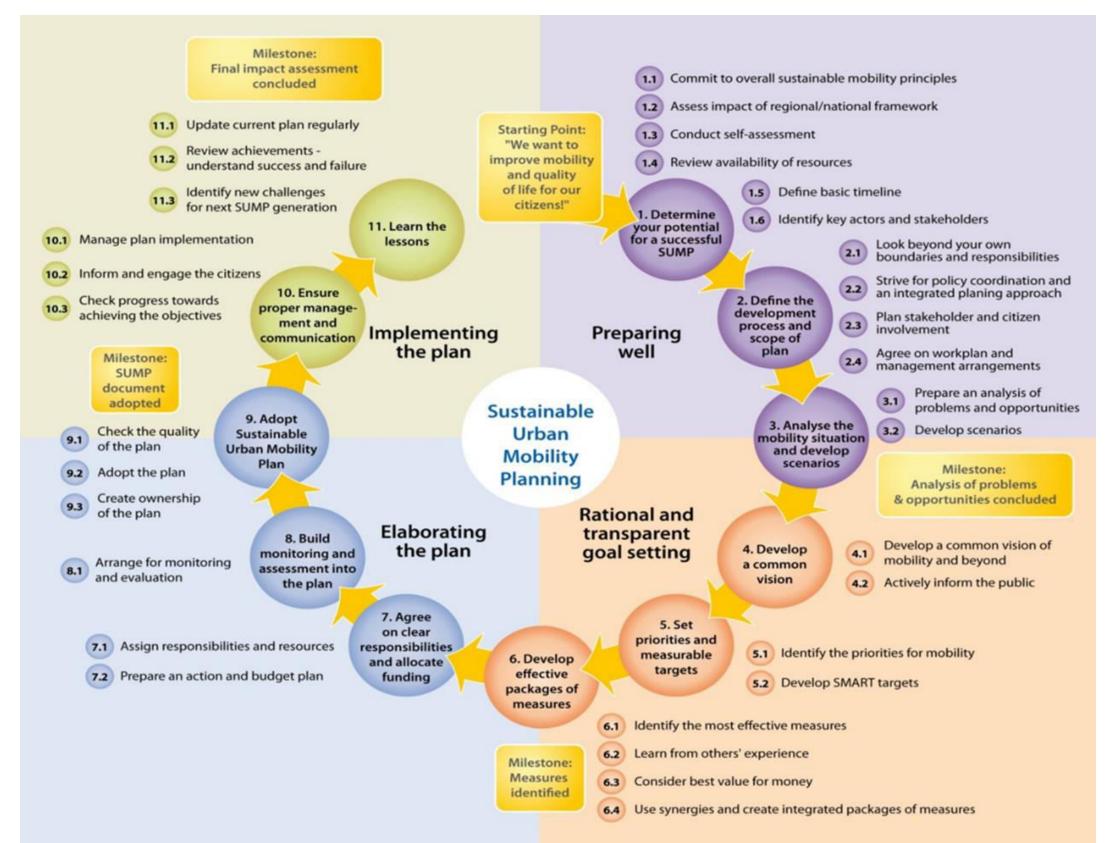


Sustainable Urban Mobility Policy



Multimodal – Intermodal – Clean – Safe – Flexible – Affordable – Connected – User-centric – Inclusive – Shared – Healthy – Seamless ...

Sustainable Urban Mobility Plans





Polis Pillars







Traffic Efficiency



Access



Road Safety & Security



Governance & Integration



Activities







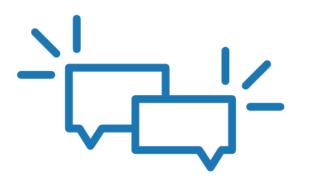
Peer-to-Peer Exchange

Research & Innovation

Policy & Advocacy



Peer-to-peer exchange



Working Groups



- Active Travel & Health
- Clean Vehicles & Air Quality



Traffic Efficiency:

ITS, traffic management, automation, MaaS, data,...



- Governance & Integration
- Small and medium sized cities platform
- Urban Freight



Road Safety:

VRUs, data collection, vehicles and ISA, ...



- Economic & Social Access
- Parking



Research & Innovation



Environment & Health

EUROPEANMOBILITYWEEK 16-22 SEPTEMBER 2019













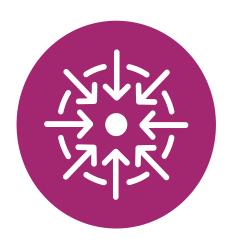
Traffic Efficiency











Access







REVEAL



Road Safety & Security





i-DREAMS



Governance







EUROPEANMOBILITYWEEK 16-22 SEPTEMBER 2019

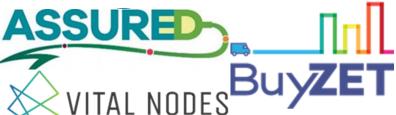












Policy & Advocacy

implemented locally

75% EU legislation is





European Council

Council of the European Union







The voice of cities and regions

- Meetings with local politicians
- Polis position papers & policy documents
- Polis represents local/regional authorities during EC consultations, towards EP, EC, EESC, CoR
- Polis leads the ERTRAC Urban Mobility Working Group which defines research priorities on sustainable urban mobility for EC funding programmes





POLIS Position & Discussion papers

- Local opportunities for digital parking
- Road Vehicle Automation
- Mobility as a Service
- The role of transport in Smart Cities
- Securing the health benefits of active travel
- Open data
- Coming up next: Regulating micromobility







This discussion paper offers the perspective of Polis member cities and regions on road vehicle automation.

23 January 2018

Editor: Suzanne Hoadley on behalf of the Polis Traffic Efficiency & Mobility Working Group

Polis, Rue du Trone 98, 1050 Brussels, Belgium www.polisnetwork.eu



Regulate to innovate!

Anticipate

Build understanding of possible impacts

Identify where innovation can deliver positive outcomes and where there are risks

Talk & cooperate – ppp's

Define measures - policy, financial, regulatory - to maximise opportunities and minimise disbenefit

Carrots & sticks

Lead by example

Need for public sector oversight

Cities should be in the driver's seat!





New and shared mobility services

Multimodal traffic management

Health impacts of active travel

Clean city logistics

Electromobility

Dynamic kerbside management

MaaS

Automation
Innovation in SMCs
Urban vehicle access regulations
Data

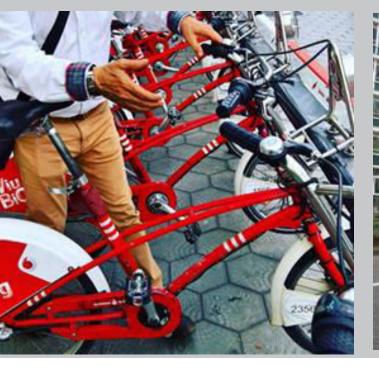




Potential MaaS benefits

- Promoting sustainable travel, especially giving up the car
- Improving efficiency of existing transport services and public resources
- Leveraging personalized approach to develop inclusive systems
- Enhancing access to transport services
- Offering choices to users











Risks of a purely commercial MaaS approach:

- Dis-incentivising sustainable trips
- Higher costs for user or transport provider and unequal services
- Creating a disconnect between the user, transport provider and transport authority

Public sector oversight







AVs: Possible outcomes for cities

Travel behaviour

- Reduction in private car ownership
- More motorised trips

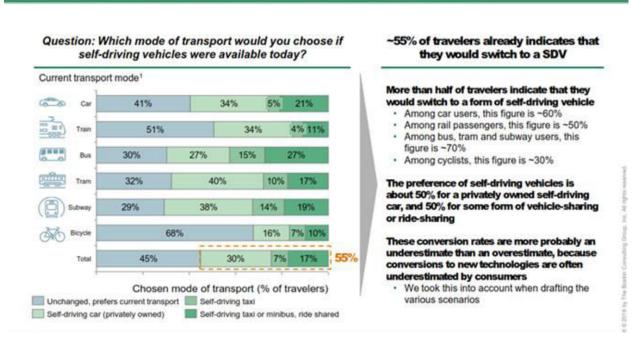
Spatial

- More public space created by redundancy of parking
- Urban sprawl and longer commuting

Social

- Enhance transport provision to persons with limited transport access
- Increased social division and inequality

Survey indicates that ~55% of all car, public transport and bicycle users prefers a form of SDV in scenario 3



Impact of self-driving vehicles on the city of Amsterdam, Study commissioned by the city of Amsterdam



AVs: Possible outcomes for cities

Road safety

- (i) driver distraction reduction; (ii) road rules compliance
- (i) Interaction with VRUs; (ii) technology infallibility

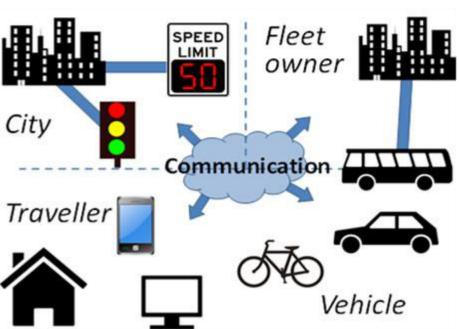
Traffic management/efficiency

- C-ITS: richer data for traffic and asset management; improved vehicle control
- Improved traffic efficiency leads to more vehicles

Infrastructure

If significant investments: new business models







Electromobility: Multi-faceted transition



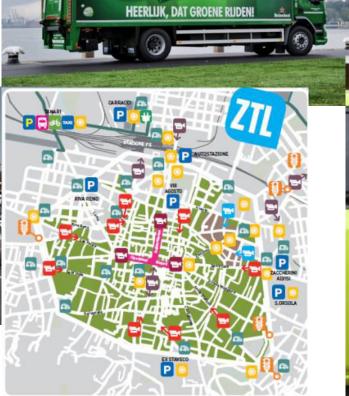








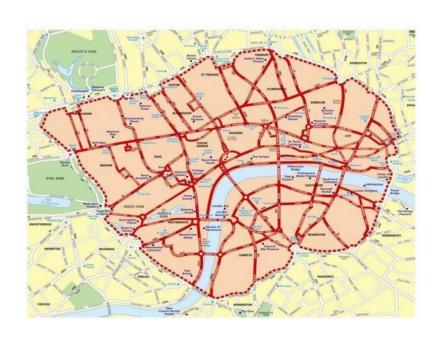




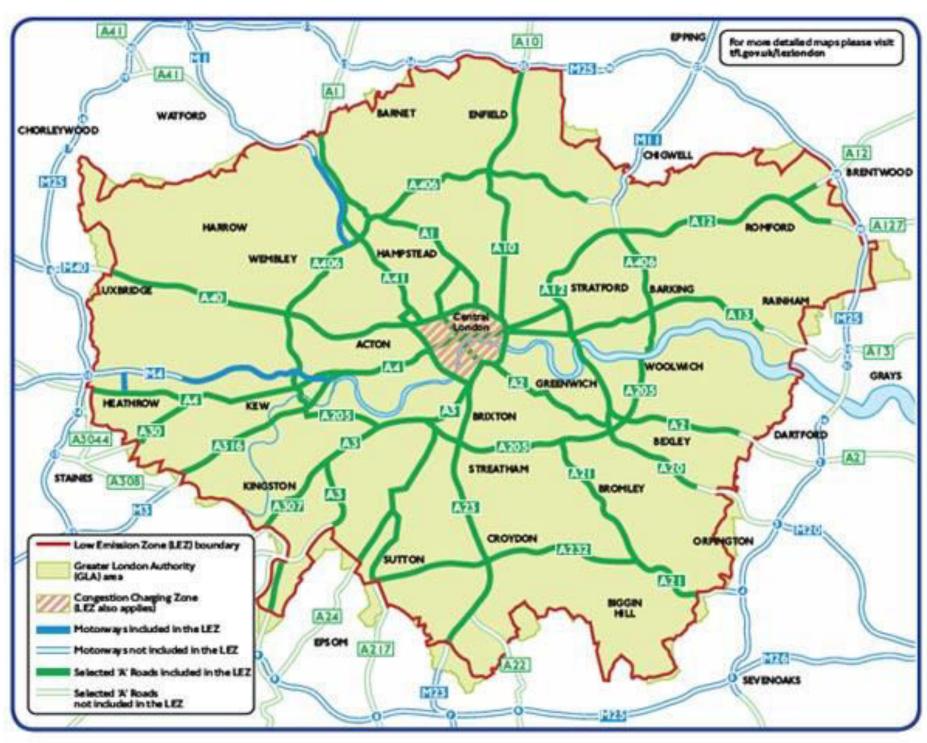




Regulating access









Micromobility

- Electromobility
- Modal shift
- Environmental impact
- Active travel
- Urban space
- Data
- Governance and regulation





The public authority as urban space manager



SMC Platform

Small and Medium-sized Cities

- discuss mobility governance issues specific to their size and shape
- living laboratories for innovation
 - due to their size, SMCs offer an ideal ground for testing and implementing new transport technologies and services that are crucial to solve the most pressing mobility challenges
- attract industry and new mobility services





Thank you!



Want to join Polis? ©

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